

Ancient India and the Spread of Buddhism

> Gathering the Facts

| | | ing the racts | | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | "Wł | on to pages 26–27 in the Atlas. Read the introduction and the history question, nat's nirvana?" Also look at picture A and read its caption. Use the information complete the following paragraphs. | | | | |
| | | Two major world religions developed in India: and | | | | |
| | | Buddhism developed after Hinduism had spread | | | | |
| | | throughout India. It was based on the teachings of a wise man named | | | | |
| | | He became known as | | | | |
| | | which means "the Enlightened One." His teachings focused | | | | |
| | | on a new way of life to end The goal for Buddhists is to | | | | |
| | | achieve a state of peacefulness called | | | | |
| | | India was united by a Buddhist family named the They | | | | |
| | | created the first Indian After the Mauryan Empire fell, the | | | | |
| | | Empire emerged. Under the rule of the Gupta, | | | | |
| | | and thrived. | | | | |
| Ti | me | and Change | | | | |
| 2. | chi | e map B, "Mauryan Empire and Buddhism," to sequence the events below in ronological order. Write 1 next to the event that occurred first and 6 next to the ent that occurred last. | | | | |
| | a. | Ashoka becomes a Buddhist. | | | | |
| | b. | Buddhism spreads south to Anuradhapura. | | | | |
| | c. | Siddhartha Gautama is born. | | | | |
| | đ. | Ashoka dies. | | | | |
| | e. | Pillars carved with Buddha's teachings are built throughout India. | | | | |
| | f. | Mauryan Empire begins. | | | | |



| Name . | |
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| | HI | Sto | ry Through Maps | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 3. | Us | e map C, "Gupta Empire and Buddhism," to answer the following questions. | | | | | | | |
| | | a. | What year did the Gupta dynasty begin? | | | | | | | |
| b. How did Buddhism spread to China and Japan? | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | c. | What major Buddhist site developed in Southeast Asia? | | | | | | | |
| | | d. | What was one major Buddhist site that developed in China? What islands did Buddhism reach by 552 A.D.? and | | | | | | | |
| | | e. | | | | | | | | |
| | | f. | What group caused the collapse of the Gupta Empire? | | | | | | | |
| > | Pla | ace | s, Regions, and Landscapes | | | | | | | |
| | 4. | sm at | ok at chart D, "Top Ten Cities, 100 A.D." Order the cities below from largest to nallest, with 1 having the largest population and 7 having the smallest. Then look map C, "Gupta Empire and Buddhism." Circle the cities below that were major addhist sites. | | | | | | | |
| | | a. | Anuradhapura | | | | | | | |
| | | b. | Carthage | | | | | | | |
| | | c. | Wu | | | | | | | |
| | | d. | Peshawar | | | | | | | |
| | | e. | Alexandria | | | | | | | |
| | | f. | Rome | | | | | | | |
| | | g. | Luoyang | | | | | | | |
| > | Pe | opl | e and Cultures | | | | | | | |
| | 5. | Bu Em | Look at map B, "Mauryan Empire and Buddhism," and map C, "Gupta Empire and Buddhism." Next to each statement below, write a M if it describes the Mauryan Empire or a G if it describes the Gupta Empire. Some statements describe both empires. | | | | | | | |
| | | a. | The empire began in northern India. | | | | | | | |
| | | b. | Buddhism reaches Japan during their rule. | | | | | | | |
| | | c. | They had a Buddhist emperor. | | | | | | | |
| | | đ. | Their capital was located at Pataliputra. | | | | | | | |



Ancient India and the Spread of Buddhism

In addition to Hinduism, another major world religion developed in ancient India—**Buddhism**.

Buddhism was based on the teachings of Siddhartha Gautama. He preached a new way of life to end suffering.

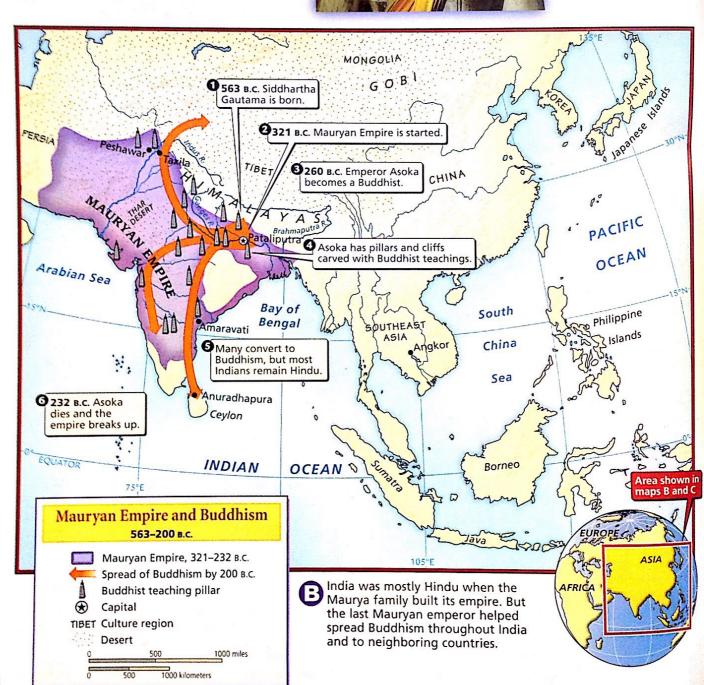
The Mauryas united India and created the first Indian empire. During their reign, Buddhism spread throughout India.

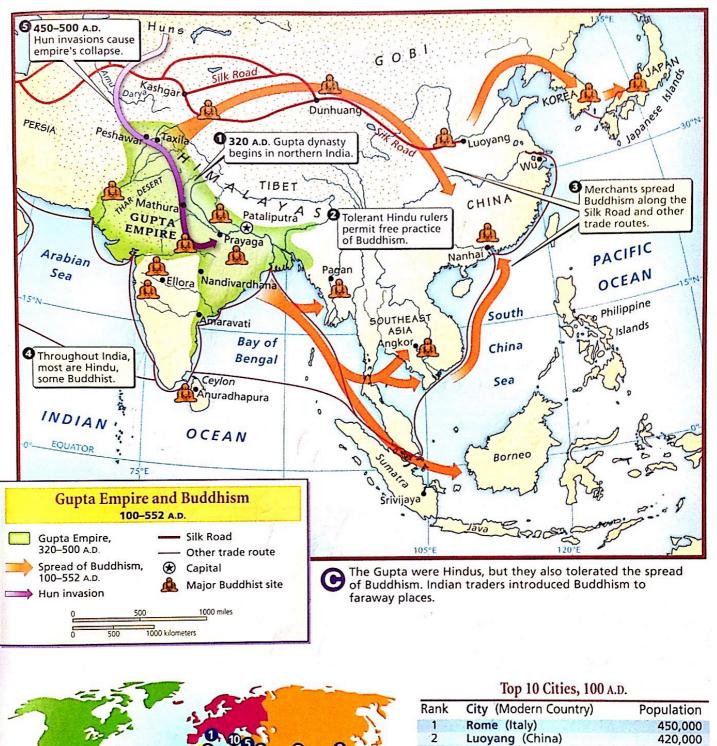
Later the Gupta Empire emerged. They started a golden age in India when culture and science thrived.

What's nirvana?

Imagine having great wisdom and compassion and being free from suffering. This state of peacefulness is called nirvana. Reaching nirvana is the goal of Buddhism.

The name Buddha means "the Enlightened One." Siddhartha Gautama was called Buddha because of his wise teachings on how to live a good life.





| · 77 | C.C. | Rank | City (Modern Country) | Population |
|-------|---------|------|--|------------|
| 45.00 | | 1 | Rome (Italy) | 450,000 |
| 106 | | 2 | Luoyang (China) | 420,000 |
| B ABB | 0 20 | 3 | Seleucia (Iraq) | 250,000 |
| | | 4 | Alexandria (Egypt) | 250,000 |
| | i de | 5 | Antioch (Turkey) | 150,000 |
| -14 | 6 | 6 | Anuradhapura (Sri Lanka) | 130,000 |
| | WE SHOW | 7 | Peshawar (Pakistan) | 120,000 |
| | | 8 | Carthage (Tunisia) | 100,000 |
| | | 9 | Wu (China) | 90,000 |
| | | 10 | Smyrna (Turkey) | 90,000 |
| | | · (| Which of these cities can yo map C? Which were centers | |